

CHỦ ĐỀ 13: TRẠNG TỪ LIÊN KẾT

TRẠNG TỪ LIÊN KẾT - BÀI TẬP ỨNG DỤNG

Chọn đáp án đúng để hoàn thành đoạn văn:

1. (1) _____, healthy eating, such as using fresh, natural ingredients, provides more nutrients. (2) _____, home-cooked meals are often cheaper and safer. (3) _____, fast food and packaged meals are usually high in fat, sugar, and preservatives. So why do people still choose the worse option?

- Question 1. A. However B. Afterwards C. Meanwhile D. Clearly
Question 2. A. Furthermore B. Notwithstanding C. In practice D. Ultimately
Question 3. A. What's more B. Meanwhile C. To conclude D. Accordingly

2. (4) _____, having a job that matches your passion is the best. (5) _____, in reality, few people get that chance due to financial or social pressure. Many settle for stable but unexciting jobs. (6) _____, they treat their passion as a hobby – something they do after work, like how students used to draw or play music after school.

- Question 4. A. Otherwise B. Thus C. Additionally D. Undoubtedly
Question 5. A. Yet B. Hence C. For example D. In theory
Question 6. A. All in all B. At the same time C. Importantly D. At last

3. Today, people can access massive amounts of information anytime, anywhere. (7) _____, AI tools are generating even more content at an unprecedented speed. (8) _____, information spreads even more rapidly – including false or misleading news. We must learn to verify what we read. (9) _____, misinformation will continue to confuse, mislead, and overwhelm the public.

- Question 7. A. Namely B. Subsequently C. At the same time D. In brief
Question 8. A. To conclude B. As a consequence C. Clearly D. In contrast
Question 9. A. In addition B. Again C. Therefore D. Otherwise

4. Fast food chains and international restaurants have become popular. (10) _____, here in Viet Nam, we can enjoy Italian pizza or Japanese sushi, in addition to our traditional food. (11) _____, some international dishes use local ingredients, which makes them unique and more suitable to local tastes. (12) _____, Vietnamese specialities, such as pho and banh mi, are also gaining popularity worldwide.

(p. 24, *Global Success 12*)

- Question 10. A. Similarly B. On the whole C. Additionally D. For example
Question 11. A. In addition B. Otherwise C. In theory D. In brief
Question 12. A. In summary B. For instance C. On the other hand D. All in all

5. Renewable energy refers to power sources that naturally replenish over time. (13) _____, solar energy is produced from sunlight, while geothermal energy comes from the Earth's internal heat. (14) _____, this energy is actually clean and sustainable; (15) _____, it often requires large infrastructure and depends on environmental conditions. Despite such challenges, many countries are shifting toward renewables for their environmental benefits. (16) _____, it offers a long-term solution to reduce emissions and combat climate change.

- Question 13. A. Still B. Besides C. Consequently D. Namely
Question 14. A. In practice B. To summarize C. Afterwards D. Similarly
Question 15. A. all in all B. nonetheless C. hence D. what's more
Question 16. A. Afterwards B. At the same time C. In the same way D. On the whole

6. There are many push factors which force people away from rural life. (21) _____, rural residents have fewer employment options because there aren't many large companies nearby. (22) _____, rural jobs are

mainly related to agriculture, so crop failure due to natural disasters can make it difficult to earn a good living. (23) _____, there are pull factors that attract people to urban life. Urban areas have more industries. (24) _____, people can easily get good jobs and achieve a higher standard of living.

(p. 58, *Bright 12*)

- Question 17.** A. Otherwise B. For example C. Furthermore D. Consequently
Question 18. A. After all B. Thus C. Nevertheless D. What's more
Question 19. A. In contrast B. In addition C. To conclude D. Subsequently
Question 20. A. Otherwise B. Actually C. As a result D. Afterwards

7. How can something so nice be so bad for us? (21) _____, naturally occurring sugar, for example, in fruit, is considered a healthy sugar. (22) _____, refined sugar is not healthy and is added to many processed foods to make them taste better. (23) _____, refined sugar has no nutritional value and therefore offers 'empty' calories. (24) _____, it has no fibre, unlike the natural sugar in fruit, and therefore is easy to eat a lot of. (25) _____, excess calories cause weight gain. Too much sugar also encourages childhood tooth decay and diabetes in later life.

(p. 81, *Friends Global 12*)

- Question 21.** A. Otherwise B. In the same way C. Obviously D. Consequently
Question 22. A. However B. In theory C. In particular D. To summarize
Question 23. A. Hence B. Moreover C. Nonetheless D. Still
Question 24. A. In brief B. Notwithstanding C. Also D. Thus
Question 25. A. Namely B. Similarly C. Meanwhile D. Consequently

BẢNG TỔNG HỢP TỪ VỰNG

STT	Từ vựng	Từ loại	Phiên âm	Nghĩa
1	ingredient	n	/ɪn'ɡri:diənt/	nguyên liệu
2	nutrient	n	/'nju:triənt/	chất dinh dưỡng
3	home-cooked	adj	/,həʊm'kʊkt/	được nấu tại nhà
4	preservative	n	/'pri:'zɜ:vətɪv/	chất bảo quản
5	option	n	/'ɒpʃn/	lựa chọn
6	passion	n	/'pæʃn/	đam mê
7	in reality	phr	/ɪn ri'æləti/	trên thực tế
8	financial	adj	/'faɪ'nænʃl/	thuộc tài chính
9	stable	adj	/'steɪbl/	ổn định
10	massive	adj	/'mæsɪv/	to lớn, đồ sộ
11	unprecedented	adj	/ʌn'presɪdəntɪd/	chưa từng có
12	misleading	adj	/,mɪs'li:diŋ/	gây hiểu lầm
13	verify	v	/'verɪfaɪ/	xác minh
14	confuse	v	/kən'fju:z/	làm bối rối

15	mislead	v	/,mɪs'li:d/	lừa dối, dẫn sai
16	overwhelm	v	/,əʊvə'welɪm/	choáng ngợp, áp đảo
17	speciality	n	/,speʃi'æləti/	đặc sản
18	popularity	n	/,pɒpjʊ'lærəti/	sự phổ biến
19	replenish	v	/rɪ'plenɪʃ/	làm đầy lại, bổ sung
20	geothermal	adj	/,dʒi:əθ'θɜ:ml/	địa nhiệt
21	internal	adj	/ɪn'tɜ:nl/	bên trong, nội bộ
22	infrastructure	n	/'ɪnfɹəstrʌktʃə(r)/	cơ sở hạ tầng
23	long-term	adj	/,lɒŋ 'tɜ:m/	dài hạn
24	combat	v	/'kɒmbæt/	chống lại
25	processed food	n. phr	/'prəʊsest fu:d/	thực phẩm chế biến
26	refined sugar	n. phr	/rɪ'faɪnd 'ʃʊgə(r)/	đường tinh luyện
27	nutritional	adj	/nju'trɪʃənl/	thuộc về dinh dưỡng
28	fibre	n	/'faɪbə(r)/	chất xơ
29	weight gain	n. phr	/weɪt geɪn/	tăng cân
30	tooth decay	n. phr	/tu:θ di'keɪ/	sâu răng
31	diabetes	n	/,daɪə'bi:ti:z/	bệnh tiểu đường